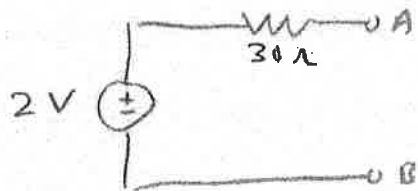
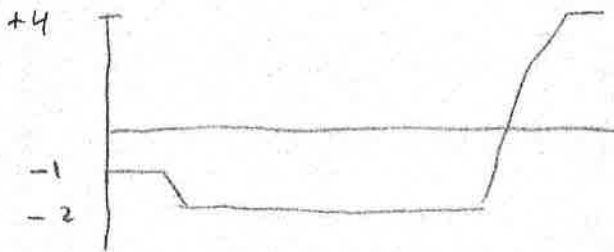
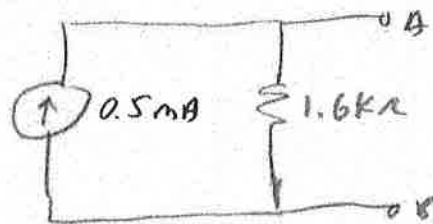


ECE 209 Exam #2 Answer KeyECE 210-Exam #2 - 1 March 2013

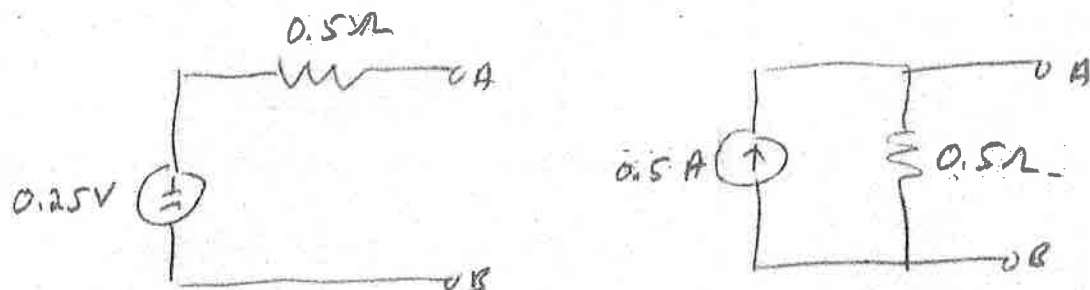
Problem 3:

Problem 4: $V_o = -(2000V_{in} + 1)$ ECE 209 - Exam #2 - 28 October 2014

Problem 1:

Part C: $1.6K\Omega$, $10^{-4}W$

Problem 2:



Problem 3: $V_{OUT} = -V_{IN}$

-5.0V	3V
-2.5V	2.5V
0	0
2.5V	-2.5V
5.0V	-3V

Problem 4: $V_{OUT} = 10V_{IN} - 0.45$

-1.0	-10
-0.5	-5.45
0	-0.45
0.5	4.55
1.0	9.55

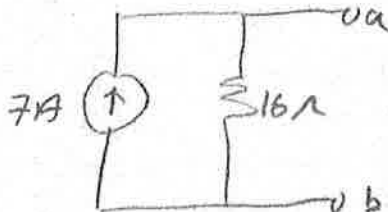
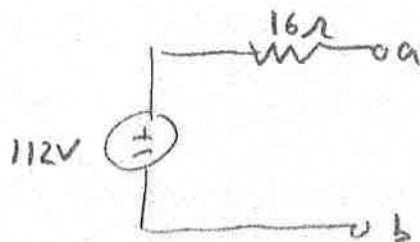
Problem 5: 20pF , 5mH

Problem 6: $V_R = 20 \cos(50t)$

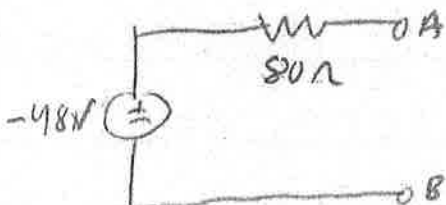
$V_L = -10 \sin(50t)$

ECE 209 - Exam #2 - 27 February 2015

Problem 2:



Problem 3:

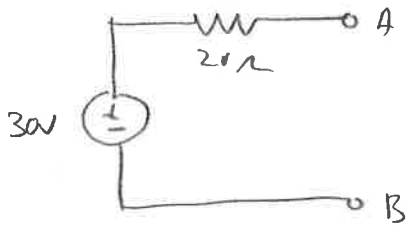
Problem 4: $V_{out} = 4V_{in}$

-4	-10
-2	-8
0	0
2	+8
4	+10

ECE 209 - Exam #3 - 3 April 2015Problem 1: $4\mu F, 75mH$ Extra Credit Problem: $10\mu J, 40\mu J, 24mW$

ECE 209 Exam # 2 - 29 October 2015

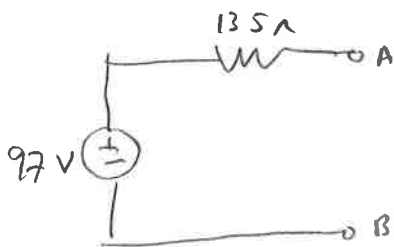
Problem 1:



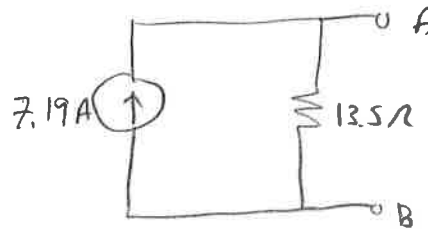
Value of R_L that maximizes
Power transfer: 20Ω

Max. Power dissipated by R_L : $11.25W$

Problem 2:



Thévenin



Norton

Problem 3:

$$V_{out} = 30 - 5V_{in}$$

$$V_{in} = 4V, I_{in} = -0.1mA$$

$$V_{in} = 4V, I_{out} = -0.6mA$$

V_{in}	V_{out}	
-4V	45V	Saturation
-2V	40V	
0V	30V	
2V	20V	
4V	10V	

Problem 4:

$$140pF$$

$$20mH$$