## ECE 214 — Exam #2

## Estimated time for completion: $\leq 1.25$ hour 18 April 2019

## Rules of the Exam

- Rule 1: The examination period begins at 11:00 am on Tuesday, 18 April 2019 and ends at 12:15 pm on Tuesday, 18 April 2019.
- Rule 2: The exam is worth 15 points.
- **Rule 3:** There are three problems. Each problem is worth 6 points, and the maximum score is 18 out of 15.
- Rule 4: The exam is closed book and closed notes. You may use your ECE 214 Laboratory Notebook, a ruler, and a calculator.
- Rule 5: To receive credit for an answer, include the units along with the numerical answer.
- **Rule 6:** <u>Show all work</u> answers without supporting work will not receive credit. Please circle your final answer or write the answer on the line provided.
- Rule 7: Do not leave the room until you have completed the exam.

Name

Problem 1: Consider the series RLC circuit shown below. Assume all circuit elements are ideal.



- (a)  $V_{IN}(t) = 2\cos(1000t + 45^\circ)$ . What is  $V_L(t)$  at t = 0.1 ms?
- (b)  $V_{IN}(t)$  is a 2 V step function applied at t = 0. Assume no energy is stored in the circuit at t = 0. What is  $V_L(t)$  at t = 0.1 ms?

Problem 2(a): Consider the circuit shown below.



(a) Draw the Thévenin equivalent circuit with respect to terminals A and B.

Problem 2(b): Consider the circuit shown below.



(b) Calculate the Thévenin equivalent impedance between terminals A and B.

**Problem 3:** Consider the 1st order ideal passive filter circuit shown below:



- 1.  $V_{IN}$  is a square wave with a 50% duty cycle and a frequency of 25 kHz.  $V_{OUT}$  is a sinusoidal waveform with a single frequency of 100 kHz. What type of filter could be used to generate  $V_{OUT}$  (low pass, band pass, band reject, high pass, or no filter can produce this output)?
- 2.  $V_{IN}$  is a square wave with a 75% duty cycle and a frequency of 20 kHz.  $V_{OUT}$  is a sinusoidal waveform with a single frequency of 40 kHz? What type of filter could be used to generate  $V_{OUT}$  (low pass, band pass, band reject, high pass, or no filter can produce this output)?
- 3.  $V_{IN}$  is a square wave with a 50% duty cycle and a frequency of 15 kHz. The filter is a high pass filter with a cutoff frequency of 9 kHz. What is the relative amplitude of the 5th harmonic to the fundamental frequency at the output of the filter?
- 4.  $V_{IN}$  is a square wave with a 50% duty cycle and a frequency of 9 kHz. The filter is a high pass filter with a cutoff frequency of 9 kHz. What is the relative amplitude of the 5th harmonic to the fundamental at the output of the filter?
- 5.  $V_{IN}$  is a square wave with a 50% duty cycle and a frequency of 3 kHz. The filter is a high pass filter with a cutoff frequency of 9 kHz. What is the relative amplitude of the 5th harmonic to the fundamental at the output of the filter?
- 6.  $V_{IN}$  is a square wave with a 50% duty cycle and a frequency of 1 kHz. The filter is a high pass filter with a cutoff frequency of 9 kHz. What is the relative amplitude of the 5th harmonic to the fundamental at the output of the filter?